

# Protobufs for kernel/user interface

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## Kernel/user interface

- ▶ Userland does computation, talks to kernel for I/O
- ▶ Kernel serves as kind of RPC server for remote procedure calls
- ▶ System calls, ioctl commands for devices
- ▶ (For elaboration on kernel as RPC server, see `rump_server`.)

## Kernel/user interface: syscalls

- ▶ Main RPC entry points: syscalls
- ▶ ~ 450 syscalls in NetBSD
- ▶ Lots of attention
- ▶ Seldom changes

## Kernel/user interface: ioctl

- ▶ Secondary entry point: ioctl syscall
- ▶ Hundreds or thousands in-tree
- ▶ Added/changed without much scrutiny
- ▶ Any driver module can add more
- ▶ Traditionally inputs and outputs are stored in simple C structs:
- ▶ `#define VNDIOCGET _IOWR('F', 3, struct vnd_user)`

```
struct vnd_user {  
    int          vnu_unit;  
    dev_t        vnu_dev;  
    ino_t        vnu_ino;  
};
```

# Compatibility

- ▶ NetBSD kernel always supports previous version's userland
  - ▶ (also older userlands, with extra libraries)
- ▶ Changes to syscalls, ioctls require compatibility code

## Compatibility example

```
/* time_t is now int64_t */
struct timeval {
    time_t          tv_sec;
    suseconds_t     tv_usec;
};

/* time_t used to be int32_t */
struct timespec50 {
    int32_t         tv_sec;
    long           tv_nsec;
};

};
```

## Compatibility example

```
struct clockctl_clock_settime {  
    clockid_t clock_id;  
    const struct timespec *tp;  
};  
  
#define CLOCKCTL_CLOCK_SETTIME \  
    _IOW('C', 0x7, struct clockctl_clock_settime)  
  
struct clockctl50_clock_settime {  
    clockid_t clock_id;  
    const struct timespec50 *tp;  
};  
  
#define CLOCKCTL_OCLOCK_SETTIME \  
    _IOW('C', 0x3, struct clockctl50_clock_settime)
```

## Compatibility example

```
int
compat50_clockctlioctl(dev_t dev, u_long cmd, void *data, int flags,
    struct lwp *l)
{
    ...
    case CLOCKCTL_OCLOCK_SETTIME: {
        struct timespec50 tp50;
        struct timespec tp;
        struct clockctl50_clock_settime *args = data;

        error = copyin(args->tp, &tp50, sizeof(tp50));
        if (error)
            return (error);
        timespec50_to_timespec(&tp50, &tp);
        error = clock_settime1(l->l_proc, args->clock_id,
            &tp, true);
        break;
    }
    ...
}
```

# Problems

- ▶ Need copy pasta for integer size change
- ▶ Need extra code for 32-bit userlands, 64-bit kernels
- ▶ Need extra code for new arguments
- ▶ Need extra code for new extra answers
- ▶ Extra code: seldom exercised, often buggy

# Proplib

- ▶ Apple-style XML property lists
  - ▶ (Not exactly compatible with Apple prolists.)
- ▶ Added to NetBSD 4
- ▶ Used for some newer ioctls
- ▶ `prop_dictionary_sendrecv_ioctl`
- ▶ Yes: parsing (almost) XML in kernel

## Proplib: advantages

- ▶ Can add fields, remove fields, without extra compat code
- ▶ Can easily handle nested structures, lists, etc.
- ▶ ... and that's about it.

## Proplib: disadvantages

- ▶ No type-checking: `void *` everywhere
- ▶ No *typo*-checking:

```
if (!prop_dictionary_get_uint32(dict, "wieght",
                                &weight))
    weight = 0;
```
- ▶ XML parser in kernel
- ▶ No schema: compiler does not detect using field in wrong place
- ▶ Schemas seldom even informally documented beyond exact use in source code

# Protobufs

- ▶ Binary RPC message format
- ▶ Used by Google internally, released in 2008
- ▶ Simple, compact wire format
- ▶ Simple message schema
- ▶ Designed to make compatibility easy
- ▶ Google protoc compiles .proto message schema into C++ library

## Protobuf schema example from Google<sup>1</sup>

```
// person.proto
message Person {
    required string name = 1;
    required int32 id = 2;
    optional string email = 3;
}
```

- ▶ Message fields are identified with numbers for wire format
- ▶ Names do not appear on wire — only in API
- ▶ Integers compactly encoded with as few bytes as necessary
- ▶ Fields may be required, optional, or repeated

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<sup>1</sup><https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/>, retrieved  
2015-10-03

## Protobuf sender example from Google<sup>2</sup>

```
// sender.cc
#include "person.pb.h"

Person john = Person.newBuilder()
    .setId(1234)
    .setName("John Doe")
    .setEmail("jdoe@example.com")
    .build();
output = new FileOutputStream(args[0]);
john.writeTo(output);
```

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<sup>2</sup><https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/>, retrieved  
2015-10-03

## Protobuf receiver example from Google<sup>3</sup>

```
// receiver.cc
#include "person.pb.h"

Person john;
fstream input(argv[1], ios::in | ios::binary);
john.ParseFromIstream(&input);
id = john.id();
name = john.name();
email = john.email();
```

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<sup>3</sup><https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/>, retrieved  
2015-10-03

## Protobuf compatibility

- ▶ Never change message tag numbers
- ▶ Add only *optional* or *repeated* fields
- ▶ Never add *required* fields
- ▶ Standard integers, e.g. int32, have same wire format for every size so if you change int32 to int64 then new readers can still handle old messages

# Protobuf RPC

```
message SearchRequest {  
    required string query = 1;  
    optional int32 page_number = 2;  
    optional int32 result_per_page = 3;  
}  
  
message SearchResponse {  
    repeated Result result = 1;  
}  
  
message Result {  
    required string url = 1;  
    optional string title = 2;  
    repeated string snippets = 3;  
}  
  
service SearchService {  
    rpc Search (SearchRequest)  
        returns (SearchResponse);  
}
```

# Protobuf RPC

- ▶ Used internally by Google for a long time
- ▶ Released this year as gRPC<sup>4</sup>: <http://www.grpc.io/>

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<sup>4</sup><http://googledevelopers.blogspot.com/2015/02/introducing-grpc-new-open-source-http2.html>

# Protobufs for ioctl

- ▶ ioctl is basically a channel for RPC from userland to kernel
- ▶ So why not use protobuf for the ioctl RPC?

```
message timespec {  
    required int64_t sec;  
    required uint32_t nsec;  
}  
  
message clockctl_settime_request {  
    required int32 clock_id;  
    required timespec tp;  
}  
  
message clockctl_settime_response {  
}  
  
service clockctl {  
    rpc SETTIME(clockctl_settime_request)  
        returns (clockctl_settime_response);  
}
```

## Protobuf implementations: Google protoc

- ▶ Google's original protobuf implementation
- ▶ Generates C++ code
- ▶ Resulting API very complex
- ▶ Resulting .pb.cc, .pb.h files very large
- ▶ No good for NetBSD kernel (C only)
- ▶ ~ 100k lines of C++

## Protobuf implementations: picopb

- ▶ New protobuf implementation
- ▶ Generates C code
- ▶ Resulting API very simple
  - ▶ ... but still type-safe: no void \*
- ▶ Resulting .pb.c, .pb.h files very compact
- ▶ Same schema format (not all features supported)
- ▶ Same wire format
- ▶ ~ 10k lines of C
- ▶ picopbc detects and warns about cycles in messages
- ▶ picopbc computes maximum parser stack depth for non-cyclic messages
- ▶ (Name is a riff on nanopb, which wasn't small enough for me!)

## picopb example: trivial case

```
#include "clockctl.pb.h"

int
clockctl_settime(int fd, int clock_id, const struct timespec *ts)
{
    struct clockctl_settime_request req;
    struct clockctl_settime_response resp;
    int ret;

    pb_init(clockctl_settime_request(&req));
    pb_init(clockctl_settime_response(&resp));
    req.clock_id = clock_id;
    req.tp.sec = ts->tv_sec;
    req.tp.nsec = ts->tv_nsec;
    ret = ioctl_pb(fd, CLOCKCTL_CLOCK_SETTIME,
                   clockctl_settime_request(&req),
                   clockctl_settime_response(&resp));
    pb_destroy(clockctl_settime_request(&req));
    pb_destroy(clockctl_settime_response(&resp));
    return ret;
}
```

## picopb example: nested structures, lists

```
message hdaudio_fgrp_pin_config {
    repeated pin pins = 1 [(picopb).max = 128];

    message pin {
        required int32 nid = 1;
        required uint32 config = 2;
    }
}

message hdaudio_fgrp_info_request {}

message hdaudio_fgrp_info_response {
    required hdaudio_fgrp_info fgrp_info = 1
        [(picopb).proplib.name = "function-group-info"];
}
```

## picopb example: nested structures, lists

```
static int
hdaudiocntl_list(int fd)
{
    struct hdaudio_fgrp_info_request request;
    struct hdaudio_fgrp_info_response response;
    const struct hdaudio_fgrp_info *info;
    const struct hdaudio_fgrp_info__fgrp *fgrp;

    pb_init(hdaudio_fgrp_info_request(&request));
    pb_init(hdaudio_fgrp_info_response(&response));
    if (ioctl_pb(fd, HDAUDIO_FGRP_INFO,
                hdaudio_fgrp_info_request(&request),
                hdaudio_fgrp_info_response(&response)) == -1)
        err(1, "ioctl(HDAUDIO_FGRP_INFO)");
```

## picopb example: nested structures, lists

```
info = &response.fgrp_info;
for (i = 0;
     i < pb_repeated_count(&info->fgrps.repeated);
     i++) {
    fgrp = &info->fgrps.item[i];
    printf("codecid 0x%02"PRIX16" nid 0x%02"PRIX16
           " vendor 0x%04"PRIX16" product 0x%04"PRIX16
           " subsystem 0x%08"PRIX16" device %s\n",
           fgrp->codecid, fgrp->nid,
           fgrp->vendor, fgrp->product, fgrp->subsystem,
           (fgrp->device.present
            ? pb_string_ptr(fgrp->device.value)
            : "<default>"));
}

pb_destroy(hdaudio_fgrp_info_response(&response));
pb_destroy(hdaudio_fgrp_info_request(&request));
}
```

## picopb proplib compatibility

- ▶ Normally, `libpicopb` encodes/decodes protobuf in standard wire format
- ▶ `libpicopbprop` encodes/decodes protobuf in XML property list wire format

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC
    "-//Apple Computer//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN"
    "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<array>
    <dict>
        <key>config</key>
        <integer>0x90a60140</integer>
        <key>nid</key>
        <integer>18</integer>
    </dict>
    ...

```

## picopb proplib compatibility

- ▶ Sometimes mapping between protobufs and XML property lists is not straightforward
- ▶ No support yet in picopbc, but...
- ▶ Annotate protobuf schema:

```
enum hdaudio_fgrp_type {  
    HDAUDIO_FGRP_TYPE_UNKNOWN = 0  
        [(picopb).proplib.value = "unknown"];  
    HDAUDIO_FGRP_TYPE_AFG = 1  
        [(picopb).proplib.value = "afg"];  
    HDAUDIO_FGRP_TYPE_VSM_FG = 2  
        [(picopb).proplib.value = "vsmfg"];  
}  
  
message hdaudio_fgrp_info_response {  
    required hdaudio_fgrp_info fgrp_info = 1  
        [(picopb).proplib.name = "function-group-info"];  
}
```

# Future

- ▶ Auto-generate ioctl stub code from

```
service DEVICE { rpc IOCCMD(...) ... }
```
- ▶ Finish proplib compatibility support in picopbc
- ▶ Integrate into NetBSD system
- ▶ Convert existing proplib uses to picopb
  - ▶ ... grovel through code to discover schemas

# Questions?

Questions?

*Questions?*<sup>5</sup>

Source code: <http://mumble.net/~campbell/hg/picopb/>

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<sup>5</sup>Questions?